

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Team: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

55. If the mine has had an explosion, the team may encounter a great deal of \_\_\_\_\_, damage to stoppings, and \_\_\_\_\_ roof and rib conditions. (MSHA 3028, pp. 3-22)

A. destruction, dangerous    B. debris, hazardous    C. clutter, destroyed

56. Mines \_\_\_\_\_ the water table tend to have more methane than those \_\_\_\_\_ the water table. (MSHA 2102, p. 33)

A. below, above    B. above, below    C. under, over

65. It is \_\_\_\_\_ recommended that teams not \_\_\_\_\_ through foam filled areas. (MSHA 2105, p. 17)

A. normally, explore    B. generally, travel    C. usually, advance

66. One method of \_\_\_\_\_ firefighting is \_\_\_\_\_ the sealed fire area with water. (MSHA 2105, p. 50)

A. direct, filling    B. underground, emersing    C. indirect, flooding

75. When a \_\_\_\_\_ is first located, every effort should be made not to disturb any possible \_\_\_\_\_ in the area. (MSHA 2106, p. 13)

A. body, evidence    B. person, clues    C. fire, ventilation

76. In situations too \_\_\_\_\_ for teams to explore and reventilate safely, teams may be instructed to \_\_\_\_\_ the area. (MSHA 2105, p. 56)

A. dangerous, flood    B. hazardous, seal    C. hot, leave

85. As the team \_\_\_\_\_, the map man records what the team encounters by \_\_\_\_\_ the information on a mine map. (MSHA 2104, p. 48)

A. explores, drawing    B. searches, recording,    C. advances, marking

86. The team is responsible for choosing the exact \_\_\_\_\_ within headings for \_\_\_\_\_ seals. (MSHA 2105, p. 38)

- A. location, erecting      B. entries, constructing      C. sites, building

95. Take the carotid pulse for \_\_ to \_\_ seconds. (Brady First Responder, p. 174)

- A. 3, 5      B. 5, 10      C. 3, 8

96. Blood that is bright red and \_\_\_\_\_ may be coming from \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_. (Brady First Responder, p. 174)

- A. spurting, an artery      B. flowing, a vein      C. oozing, a capillary